BURGOS.

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The Early Capital of Castile, Where the Cid Was Born and Buried.

In more more market and a second market and a

Burgos, Spain, Aug., 14.—The short railway ride from Valladolid to this ancient capital was made in darkness -until a belated moon arose to glorify the earth. At Burgos station, far outside the city walls, a sleepy guard, with lantern in hand and sword clanking at his heels, overhauled our hand-luggage the trunks being retained for examination in the morning. Then we were bundled into a carriage drawn by mules and rattled away-over the wonderful old bridge of Santa Maria and under its towering gateway, in whose lofty nitches mail-clad statues of the Cid and half a dozen other Burgolese worthies seemed to grin down upon us worthies seemed to grin down upon us in the uncertain light; through narrow, deserted streets, to the Hotel del Norte, where our Jehu drew up with a flourish that brought heads to the surrounding windows—just as the watchmen, on their accustomed rounds, droned out the time of night: "A las doce y madia, (Haif past cleven). La noche es clara y serena. Ave Maria Sanetissima!"

By the way, who comes to Burgos would better remember to make a strict bargain in advance, before entering any hotel. Being on the main highway of hotel. Being on the main highway of travel, all tourists halt here, and so the innkeepers have become frightfully extortionate. If every article that can possibly be required is not distinctly specified, even to the bed-room candle and necessary service, the bill-large enough, in all conscience, at first reckoning—will be doubled by interpolations of "extras." All the guide books put down this "hotel of the north" as the best in Burgos; and if that be true. the best in Burgos; and if that be true may a gracious Providence preserve us from the others! Grim and gloomy outside, the first view of its interior sends a chill to your marrow, akin to that experienced in entering a

LONG-CLOSED VAULT

in the cemetery. The brick floors are cold and damp in all weathers, and when you have tolled up two or three fights of stairs, through dark and smelly passages, and made your selection between several equally stuffy dens of rooms, where ghosts of generations of dead Semilaria sections of dead Semilaria sections. tions of dead Spaniards seem to be panes that have not seen soap and water since their long-past day—with the knowledge that for such accommodation you must pay more per diem than for the best in the Waldorf-Asteria of New York City-you confess to a feeling of relief that the Spanish tour a feeling of relief that the Spanish tour, so charming in the main, is almost over. As to fellow-lodgers in the form of vermin, the subject is too harrowing to be pursued and "the veil" would better be drawn. Unable to sleep for the warmth of their welcome, I spent most of my first night in Eurgos out on the balcony in the moon light. Not far away stood one of the grandest cathedrals in Spain—so situated on the slove in Spain-so situated on the slope of the hill that its roof, pinnacled with exquisite lace-work towers and arches, was on a level with my feet—the whole vast pile looking so airy and delicate in the mellow radiance that I half expected to see it float away with the mists of with a castle a thousand years old, which was once the city's glory and defiance, and has borne its part well in innumerable wars, down to the last siege of hotbed, and for insolence and persist-

Wellington. These two ancient landwellington. These two ancient land-marks, the Castle and the Cathedral, standing over against each other and dwarfing into insignificance the rulned city between them, are perfect types of the bygong Gothic civilization and monuments of the glorious past. Such an hour in the heart of Spain pays for a

FOR "FORTY WINKS,"

sitting bolt upright in a chair, as far from that big-haunted bed as the walls would permit, it was to see fairy visions floating throughh half-dreams of be-leaguered castles and mail-clad knights and beautiful ladies, re-enacting their

Your first impressions of Burgos, by "the garish light of day," are very disappointing. The average tourist, complace first in the picturesque land of the dons, and naturally much over-rates it. I say "naturally," because all travelers know that first impressions of a country brand-new in their experi-ence, take deeper hold of the imagina-tion than any subsequent ones, gained after the charm of novelty has lost its keenest edge. Having already spent several months in Spain, we are better prepared to give Burgos its true rating, as compared with other cities. At first glance, its newer common-place houses and white quays, stretched along the muddy Rio Arlonzon, look like some uninteresting Missouri river town, rather than the proud old capital of Spanish kings one has been led to expect. In the best quarters of the city, all hints the best quarters of the city, all hints at former grandeur have been long succeeded by the silence of the grave. Though the population is yet near forty thousand, there are whole streets apparently uninhabited, upon the keystones of whose stately but deserted mansions are sculptured the arms and mottoes of noble families whose pedigrees can be traced back in unbroken series to the domination of the Goths. series to the domination of the Goths In other streets the ancient casas are freshly painted, in such gaudy colors and incongruous combinations of hues that the beholder no longer wonders at De Amicis' exaggerated description: "If there were an insane asylum for painters at Burgos, one would say that the city had been painted some day when its inmates had broken loose." But the brilliant colors do not conceal the fact that Burgos is hopelessly "back number"—any more than rouged cheeks and curling wlg can renew an octogenarian spinster's belledom. In the mouldy marketplace, surrounded by massive arcades and balconies, are many reminders of former splendors, when bull-fights and festivals were held here, while the nobility occupied the balcanies and hot polloi crowded the arcades below. The shabby above the arcades below. The shabby shops that now range around the historic space are sparsely filled with sham jewelry. Toledo swords, rusty armor, old clothes and similar junk-for which there seems to be little demand, as the shop-keepers lounge and

SMOKE ALL DAY

on the broken pavements outside, when not in the seclusion of siesta. Dull, dirty and dilapidated as we find it to-day, there is nowhere a more excellent of Spanish poverty and retrogres

long journey, and when at last I strove

ency I have never seen their equals, especially in the neighborhood of the cathedral, which all foreigners are sure to visit; and as they are the only persons now in Burgos who have money to give away, the narrow streets are fairly swarmed with mendicants, who thrust their dirty hands in your face, cling to your skirts and refuse to let you go until alms have been bestowed; and to give to one group is only to call forth a more de-termined onset from the next. They one the steps that lead up to the ca-thedral door, their sores and wretchedness displayed to best advantage; they pounce upon the visitor from behind the columns of the interior; they fol-low him back to the door of his hotel, and lie in wait for him to come out again. Somewhat higher than these in the social scale, but probably even more needy, since their pride forbids the asking of assistance are hundreds of starving hidalgoes, whose only business in life is to perambulate the plazas at regulation hours, carefully adjusting the capas of their capacious cloaks so as to screen themselves from every breath of air-and maybe, also, to hide a lamentable lack mayoe, also, to hide a lamentable lack of linen. It is curious to watch one of these stately gentlemen as he approaches the corner of a street and solemnly pauses to arr to a street and scapa against the possible current of air which he is about to encounter. The true Castillian dreads nothing so much as fresh air—unless it be fresh water. Even the beggars stalk about with in-conceivable dignity, muffled to the eyes in tattered and threadbare cloaks, which they arrange just as carefully as do their betters. As to the aristo-cratic classes, the Castillan gentleman seems to have reached his highest development in Burgos. Always charming in manner, frank, loyal, ignorant and vain, he is as sparing of words as prodigal of courtesy; he is a staunch supporter of the church rather from tradition and habit than from religious conviction; and to preference of high conviction; and in pretension of high lineage, he rivals the celebrated Con-stable Don Pedro de Velasco, who, when some bold courtler ventured to

TITLE TO NOBILITY,

answered with true Spanish hyperbole: "Before God was God, before the sun

river, which washes one side of it, and the hill on the other, crowned with the

Lt. Ely. Wounded, Lt. Alstatter, Captured.

Capt. Noyes, Wounded.

Maria, built in honor of Charles V, is disgracefully crowded upon by insig-nificant modern buildings and even

by common-place structures that it is difficult to obtain any good view of

the exterior. So great is the slope of the town that while the front of the

west cathedral opens upon a little plaza considerably above the level of the narrow streets that hem it in, the rear of it actually abuts against the

rear of it actually abuts against the hill, so that in entering from that side

one must descend a staircase to the pavement. Such infelicities of posi-

pavement. Such infelicities of posi-tion would kill the effect of any ordi-nary structure; but nothing can even mar the grandeur of this. Though dirty, bustling, sordid streets come up to its very doors, like the waves of the sea to the foot of a mighty cliff, it

lifts its head throughout the centuries, unmoved by the tumult of pigmy gen-

erations that come and go. Standing at the foot of the lace-work towers and

looking up, you feel very small indeed. There is nothing to be told of this

sanctuary that has not been a hundred times narrated. It is tremendous in size and beautiful in parts, but not nearly so striking, as a whole, as many less celebrated Spanish churches. But

capital-some disappointed travelers

say the only attraction, so much does it overshadow all the others. Inded, one might describe Burgos as a cathe-

dral with a town attached to it, so completely is the latter dwarfed and dwindled by the central mass of towers

rising far above it. Before entering the building, you feel constrained to walk around it—to loiter outside and dally with the exterior, for

it seems almost sacrilegious to rush into such a presence without due prepara-

it is the great attraction of

the cathedral-the glory of Burgos the boast of Spain-is so bemmed

Lt. Murphy, Killed.

Lt. Parker. Wounded.

Wounded.

Literary work, which is now a delight, and a material addition to his income,

and a material addition to his income, will, presumably, be thought inconsistent with the dignity of the vice presidency. Mr. Roosevelt talked about this before his nomination, when it appeared to him that he could no longer resist the inevitable. He argued that it would be necessary for him to suspend

most, if not all of his literary engage-

ments, which were entirely proper for him as the governor of New York, He

decided that election to the vice presidency meant living on an income of \$13,000 a year. Vice Presidents have done this. The late Vice President

Hobart did not. He maintained an es-

tablishment, and entertained on a scale that cost far more than Mr. Roosevelt will be able to spend.

When it came to the point of deciding to waive personal considerations and to remain passive, Mr. Roosevelt talked plainly. He said it must be un-

derstood that he would rent a modest house on N street, at the capital, and

should live within the income of the office and his estate. Upon this he de-

service commissioner, ten years ago, he wrote a letter which will be read with

extraordinary interest at this time. The letter was private; it dwelt upon the

attractions and possibilities of a politi-cal career. At that time Mr. Roose-velt was reluctantly deciding that he could not make a profession of politics,

When Theodore Roosevelt was civil

work at the present moment more vitally important to the public welfare,
and I literally don't care a rap what
politicians say of me, in or out of Congress save in so far as my actions may
hel; or hurt the cause for which I am
working. My hands are fortunately perfectly free, for I have not the slightest
concern about my political future. My
career is that of a literary man, and as
soon as I am out of my political posttion I shall go back to my books. I may
not ever be called to take another public position, or I may be; in any event,
I shall try to do decent work while I
am in office. I shall probably endoy
the life greatly while I am taking part
in it, and I shall certainly be ready at
any time to go out of it with a perfectly light heart."—Birmingham, Ala,
Age-Herald. Today Governor Roosevelt receives from all of his property and investments of every kind the sum of \$5,000 a year. As Vice President of the United States his salary would be \$8,000 a year, and this will represent his income,

Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Thirty Years of Suffering. "I suffered for thirty years with diarrhoea and thought I was past being cured," says John S. Halloway, of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much time and money and suffered so much that I had given up all hopes of recovery. I was so feeble from the effects of the diarrhoea that I could do no kind of labor, could not even travel, but by accident I was permitted.

Age-Herald.

When I was in the legislature I soon found that for my own happiness, as well as for the sake of doing good work I had to cast aside all thought of my own future, and as soon as I had made up my mind to this and voted simply as I thought right, not only disregard, ing people themselves, if I honestly thought them all wreng on a matter of principle, not of mere expediency, then I began to thoroughly enjoy myself and to feel that I was doing good.

"It is fust the same way with my could be a soon as the same way with my co

and to feel that I was doing good.

"It is just the same way with my political work as civil service commissioner, I believe in it with all my heart and am absolutely certain that I could not possibly be engaged in any other work at the present moment more visually important to the public walks.

but by accident I was permitted to find a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic. Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after tak-ing several bottles I am entirely cured of that trouble. I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious that it be in reach of all who suffer as I have.

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Food supplies the substance for re-pairing the wastes of the body, and gives strength. Sleep affords the op-portunity for these repairs to be made, Both are necessary to health. If you can't eat and sleep, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It creates a good appetite and tones the digestive organs, and it gives the sweet, restful sleep of child-hood. Be sure to get Hood's.

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shone on the rocks, already was noble the house of Velasco!" The city is built on a sloping ground, in the midst of a plain, between the

river, which washes one side of it, and the hill on the other, crowned with the ancient castle. Between ridge and river the space is necessarily confined,

BURIAL FOR THE GREAT

of former generations. Here they lie, the sculptured forms that rest above their sepulchres representing them as they appeared in the bloom of life; the they appeared in the bloom of life; the bishop in his robes, with hands folded on his breast; the king with crown and sceptre; the knight in life armor, who will never go forth to baftle again. One may read the history of Spain in these memorials of the past. An Illustration of this is seen in the chapel of the constable of Castile. He was a warrior bold, of the history-making time of Ferdi-

tion of eye and mind. Every Spanish cathedral is a kind of Westminster Ab-

decoration, the paintings, the statues, the glittering altars and thousands of burning tapers. But notwithstanding the gorgeousness of color and gilding.

his tomb appears not only his sword and helmet and coat of mail, but the

ivory crucifix which went with him on all his campaigns, and the sacramental vessels with which he always had mass

celebrated on the field of battle. His warfare over, he has slept here more than four hundred years, beside his be-

loved wife, whose lap-dog lies at her

dazzles one by the elaborate richness of the gilded carvings, the mass of florid

there is nothing tawdry or in bad taste, as too often seen in Spanish sanctuaries. This is as much due to the massive grandeur and vast size of the edifice as to the "dim religious light" of the stained windows, which modifies without impairing the richness of the general effect, and the fact that the soften-ing hand of time has subdued the brilliancy of coloring. Among many objects of interest, you are shown the Cofre del Cid—a trunk clamped with iron and now fastened to the wall, which the Cid filled with sand and then pledged to the Jews as full of gold, for do but little in a social way. His obligations to his family required that he a loan of 600 marks-which, it is said, he afterwards honestly repaid. But after all, the greatest interest is with the dead—in the cloisters where sleep the heroes whose zeal and provess made poor, old, impoverished Spain once the

ROOSEVELT NOT A WEALTHY MAN.

greatest nation of the earth, FANNIE B. WARD.

Contrary to an impression which prevails widely, the governor is not a rich man. He came of the old familles of New York, and inherited property which insured him a comfortable living according to the ideas of his ancestors. Mr. Roosevelt has not been in business in the sense of devoting himself to mere moneymaking. He has elf to mere moneymaking. He commissioner, assisiant secretary of the navy, colonel of volunteers, and now is governor of New York. All of this time his living has cost him more than his official salaries and the income from his inherited estate. Literary work is Mr. Roosevelt's delight, but the world can never know how much the remun-eration entered into the problem of keeping the pot boiling. It is vouched for by one nearly related to the gov-

and was turning to literature as his vocation. The recipient of the letter, Mr. Edward Atwell, has chosen an aus-picious time to make it public. This is what Mr. Roosevelt thought and wrote: "If a man has political foresight, who lives in a district where the people think as he does, and where he has a great hold over them, then he can ser ously go in for a continuous public career, and I suppose in such a case it is all right for him to shape his publ course more or less with a view to his forward to a long and steady course of public service; but in my own case such a career is out of the question, and per-sonally it seems to me that a man's comfort and usefulness in public life are greatly impaired the moment he

begins to worrying about how his votes and actions will affect his own future.

a dozen photographs Shipler & Son, Hooper Block

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